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Yugoslavia From National Communism To

Since the 1970s, Yugoslavia's Communist regime became severely splintered into a liberal-decentralist

nationalist faction led by Croatia and Slovenia that supported a decentralized federation with greater local autonomy, versus a conservative-centralist nationalist faction led by Serbia that supported a centralized federation to secure the interests of Serbia and Serbs across Yugoslavia - as they were the largest ethnic group in the country as a whole.

Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia - Wikipedia

Yugoslavia was renamed the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia in 1946, when a communist government was established. It acquired the territories of Istria, Rijeka, and Zadar from Italy. Partisan leader Josip Broz Tito ruled the country as president until his death in 1980.

Yugoslavia - Wikipedia

The monarchy was subsequently abolished in November 1945. Yugoslavia was renamed the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia in 1946, when a communist government was established. It acquired the territories of Istria, Rijeka, and Zadar from Italy. Partisan leader Josip Broz Tito ruled the country as president until his death in 1980.

Yugoslavia - Wikipedia

At the end of the Yugoslav People's Liberation War, the Communist Party assumed control over Yugoslavia. After the communists rose to power, Yugoslavia went under a big change. Communism shaped new beliefs, values, formed a sense of brotherhood and eradicated religion. As with all ideologies, communism in Yugoslavia served a dictator.

Communism in Yugoslavia: How Communist rose to power

This decision in Belgrade's federal parliament to create a new loose union between the two republics, called simply Serbia and Montenegro, and to finally consign the name of Yugoslavia to history,...

BBC - History - World Wars: Yugoslavia: 1918 - 2003

The second Yugoslavia. Socialist Yugoslavia was formed in 1946 after Josip Broz Tito and his communist-

led Partisans had helped liberate the country from German rule in 1944-45. This second Yugoslavia covered much the same territory as its predecessor, with the addition of land acquired from Italy in Istria and Dalmatia. The kingdom was replaced by a federation of six nominally equal republics: Croatia, Montenegro, Serbia, Slovenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and Macedonia.

Yugoslavia | History, Map, Breakup, & Facts | Britannica

The Yugoslav Partisans, or the National Liberation Army, officially the National Liberation Army and Partisan Detachments of Yugoslavia, was the Communist-led resistance to the Axis powers (chiefly Germany) in occupied Yugoslavia during World War II. It is considered to be Europe's most effective anti-Axis resistance movement during World War II, often compared to the Polish resistance ...

#### Yugoslav Partisans - Wikipedia

The crisis that emerged in Yugoslavia was connected with the weakening of the Communist states in Eastern Europe towards the end of the Cold War, leading to the fall of the Berlin Wall in 1989. In Yugoslavia, the national communist party, officially called the League of Communists of Yugoslavia, had lost its ideological potency.

#### Breakup of Yugoslavia - Wikipedia

A woman who fled the former nation of Yugoslavia discuss how socialism led to the downfall of the nation and how events happening in America parallel what ha...

A Warning From Yugoslavia: Don't Let Socialism Come To ...

The Yugoslavia national football team represented Yugoslavia in international association football.. Although the team mainly represented the pre-war Kingdom of Yugoslavia and the post-war Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (SFRY), various iterations of the state were formally constituted in football, including the: . Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes (1918-1929)

In an attempt to legitimise the authorities, the Communist Party of Yugoslavia was renamed The League of Yugoslav Communists (LCY) in 1952 - a clear reference to the Communist League of 1848. In 1953, the presidium was dissolved and replaced with the Federal Executive Council (SIV), which consisted of thirty members led by the president.

Communism in Slovenia | Tito's Yugoslavia | Communist Crimes

The Rise and Reign of Communism in Yugoslavia Origins to World War II Communism spread to Yugoslavia after the Bolshevik Revolution in Russia in 1917. A socialist party was formed, but had to stay...

The Rise and Reign of Communism in Yugoslavia - History ...

The League of Communists of Yugoslavia (Serbo-Croatian: Savez komunista Jugoslavije / Савез комуниста Југославије), known until 1952 as the Communist Party of Yugoslavia, was the founding and ruling party of SFR Yugoslavia. It was formed in 1919 as the main communist opposition party in the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes and after its initial successes in the ...

League of Communists of Yugoslavia - Wikipedia

Yugoslavia's breakup gave new meaning to the old notion of Balkanization. As communism collapsed, the strategies of the political actors in each of the Yugoslav republics were determined by specific elements of the national question on the one hand, and the search for an exit from the communist system on the other.

Serbian Nationalism and the Origins of the Yugoslav Crisis ...

INTRODUCTION: #1 Yugoslavia From National Communism To Publish By Andrew Neiderman, Yugoslavia From National Communism To National Collapse yugoslavia from national communism to national collapse united states intelligence community estimative products on yugoslavia 1948 1990 declassified nic publication with cd rom isbn 9780160772467

The Resistance and the Struggle for National Liberation 1941 - 1946 Following the German invasions of Yugoslavia and the USSR, the Yugoslav people mobilized a large a partisan army to repel the occupying forces. The partisan resistance was organized and led by Josip Broz Tito and the Communist Party of Yugoslavia.

#### Yugoslavia - Marxists Internet Archive

Josip Broz Tito, Yugoslav revolutionary and statesman, the premier or president of Yugoslavia from 1945 to 1980. He was the first Communist leader in power to defy Soviet hegemony, a backer of independent roads to socialism, and a promoter of the policy of nonalignment between the two hostile blocs in the Cold War.

#### Josip Broz Tito | Biography & Facts | Britannica

The Cold War: Country Trends--Yugoslavia The Allies during World War II shifted support from the Royalist Chetniks to Tito's Soviet-backed Partisans. A great deal of weaponry and supplies were delivered to the Partisans. Yugoslavia was the only country liberated by the resistance movement during the War.

war and social upheaval: Cold War Yugoslavia

The Breakup of Yugoslavia, 1990-1992. Issued on October 18, 1990, National Intelligence Estimate (NIE) 15-90 presented a dire warning to the U.S. policy community: Yugoslavia will cease to function as a federal state within a year, and will probably dissolve within two.

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